



VMR with control component BTD



Type VMR with control component XTD



Type VMR with control component ELAB TCU3



Tested to VDI 6022

# Volume flow rate measurement VMR



# For the measurement of volume flow rates in ducts

Circular volume flow rate measuring device for recording or monitoring the volume flow rate

- Manual volume flow rate measuring
- Permanent volume flow rate measuring
- Recording of measured values for other controllers or for the LABCONTROL air management system
- Effective pressure transducer for the automatic recording of measured values, factory assembled
- With wiring and tubing
- Casing leakage according to EN 15727, Class C

Optional equipment and accessories

- With flanges on both ends
- Lip seal
- Dynamic or static effective pressure transducer



#### Product data sheet

**VMR** 

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### General information

#### **Application**

- Circular volume flow rate measuring units for the manual or automatic measuring of volume flow rates
- · Simplified commissioning, approval and maintenance
- Suitable for permanent installation because of low differential pressure
- Optional static effective pressure transducer for systems with contaminated air

#### **Special features**

- Suitable for permanent installation because of low differential pressure
- High measurement accuracy (even with upstream bend R = 1D)

#### **Nominal sizes**

• 100, 125, 160, 200, 250, 315, 400 mm

#### **Variants**

- VMR: Volume flow rate measuring unit
- VMR-FL: Volume flow rate measuring unit with flanges on both ends

#### Construction

- Galvanised sheet steel
- P1: Powder-coated, silver grey (RAL 7001)
- A2: Stainless steel

#### Parts and characteristics

- Ready-to-commission unit which consists of the mechanical parts and optional effective pressure transducers
- Averaging differential pressure sensor for volume flow rate measurement
- Optional effective pressure transducers, factory-assembled and wired
- High measurement accuracy of volume flow rates (even with bend R = 1D).

#### **Attachments**

- Dynamic effective pressure transducer (BTD, XTD)
- Static effective pressure transducer (BTS, XTS)
- LABCONTROL: Components for air management systems

#### **Accessories**

- · G2: Matching flanges for both ends
- D2: Double lip seals on both ends (factory fitted)

#### **Construction features**

- Circular casing
- Spigot suitable for circular ducts to EN 1506 or EN 13180
- Spigots with groove for seal
- TVR-FL: Flanges to EN 12220

#### **Materials and surfaces**

Galvanised sheet steel construction

- Casing and damper blade made of galvanised sheet steel
- Aluminium sensor tubes

Powder-coated construction (P1)

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel, powder-coated
- Sensor tubes made of aluminium, powder-coated

Stainless steel construction (A2)

- Casing, damper blade and shaft made of stainless steel 1.4301
- Sensor tubes made of aluminium, powder-coated

#### Standards and guidelines

Fulfils the hygiene requirements of

- EN 16798, Part 3
- VDI 6022, Sheet 1
- DIN 1946, Part 4
- Further standards, guidelines in accordance with hygiene certificate

#### Casing leakage

EN 1751, Class C

#### Maintenance

 Maintenance-free as construction and materials are not subject to wear





# **Function**

The volume flow rate measuring unit is fitted with an effective pressure sensor for measuring the volume flow rate. The effective pressure is either measured and evaluated manually, or

transformed into an electric signal by a measuring transducer (effective pressure transducer).

#### **VMR** with control component XTS



- 1: Effective pressure sensor
- 2: Measuring transducer
- 3: Casing





# **Technical data**

Nominal sizes	100 – 400 mm
Volume flow rate range	34 - 6279 m³/h bzw. 10 - 1744 l/s
Maximum differential pressure	1000 Pa
Effective pressure range	Approx. 2 – 260 Pa *
Measurement accuracy	5 – 16 %
Operating temperature	10 to 50 °C

<sup>\* 260</sup> Pa of the nominal volume flow rate

# Quick sizing

Die Schnellauslegung gibt einen guten Überblick über die Volumenstrommessbereiche, Messgenauigkeiten und die C-Werte der einzelnen Nenngrößen. Berechnung der Volumenströme aus den gemessenen Wirkdrücken bei Ausführung ohne Anbauteile siehe in Abschnitt "Produktdetails".

# Volume flow rate ranges and minimum differential pressure values Attachment: Without attachment, XTD, BTD

NS	qv [l/s]	qv [m³/h]	C-value [l/s]	C-value [m³/h]	Δqv [±%]
100	10	34	6,1	22,0	16
100	98	354	6,1	22,0	6
125	16	55	10,0	35,9	16
125	160	578	10,0	35,9	6
160	25	88	16,0	57,6	16
160	257	928	16,0	57,6	6
200	40	143	26,1	93,8	16
200	420	1512	26,1	93,8	6
250	60	216	39,5	142,2	16
250	636	2292	39,5	142,2	6
315	100	359	65,6	236,2	16
315	1057	3807	65,6	236,2	6
400	165	591	108,2	389,5	16
400	1744	6279	108,18	389,5	5

#### Note:

K values for air density 1.2 kg/m³ at 20 °C





# Volume flow rate ranges and minimum differential pressure values Attachment: XTS, BTS, ELAB

NS	qv [l/s]	qv [m³/h]	C-value [l/s]	C-value [m³/h]	Δqv [±%]
100	14	50	6,1	22,0	14
100	98	354	6,1	22,0	6
125	23	81	9,9	35,9	13
125	160	578	9,9	35,9	6
160	36	129	16,0	57,6	14
160	257	928	16,0	57,6	6
200	59	210	26,1	93,8	13
200	420	1512	26,1	93,8	6
250	89	318	39,5	142,2	14
250	636	2292	39,5	142,2	6
315	147	529	65,6	236,2	13
315	1057	3807	65,6	236,2	6
400	242	871	108,2	389,5	13
400	1744	6279	108,2	389,5	5

#### Note:



K values for air density 1.2 kg/m³ at 20 °C



# Specification text

This specification text describes just one variant of the product and applies to many applications. Texts for variants can be generated with our Easy Product Finder design program.

#### **Specification text**

Circular volume flow rate measuring unit for the measurement of volume flow rates in ventilation and air conditioning systems, available in 7 nominal sizes. For manual volume flow rate measurement or for the permanent monitoring of the actual value signal. Ready-to-commission unit which consists of the casing with an averaging differential pressure sensor. Differential pressure sensor with 3 mm measuring holes, hence resistant to contamination.

#### **Special features**

- Suitable for permanent installation because of low differential pressure
- High measurement accuracy (even with upstream bend R = 1D)

#### **Materials and surfaces**

Galvanised sheet steel construction

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel
- Aluminium sensor tubes

P1: Powder-coated construction (P1)

- Casing made of galvanised sheet steel, surface powder coated, silver (RAL 7001)
- · Sensor tubes made of aluminium, powder-coated

A2: Stainless steel construction (A2)

- Casing made of stainless steel 1.4301
- · Sensor tubes made of aluminium, powder-coated

#### Connection

Spigot with groove for lip seal, suitable for ducts to EN 1506 or EN 13180

FL: Flanges on both ends according to EN 12220

#### **Technical data**

- Nominal sizes: 100 to 400 mm
- Volume flow rate range: 34 6279 m³/h or 10 1744 l/s
- Effective pressure range: approx. 2 260 Pa
- Measurement accuracy: 5 16 %
- Operating temperature: 10 to 50 °C
- Casing air leakage to EN 1751, Class C





## Order code

#### 1 Type

VMR Circular volume flow rate measuring unit

#### 2 Material

No entry required: Galvanised sheet steel P1 Powder-coated RAL 7001, silver grey

A2 Stainless steel construction

#### 3 Flange

No entry required: None **FL** Flanges on both ends

4 Nominal size [mm] 100, 125, 160, 200, 250, 315, 400

#### **5 Accessories**

No entry required: None

#### Order example 1: VMR-P1-FL/315/G2/XTS/0

MaterialPowder-coated, RAL 7001, silver greyDuct connectionFlanges on both endsNominal size315 mmAccessoriesMatching flanges on both endsAttachments (effective pressure transducer)Static effective pressure transducer with displaySignal voltage range Actual value signal0 - 10 V DC

#### Order example 2: VMR/160/BTS/2

Spigot
160 mm
Dynamic effective pressure transducer with bus interface
2 – 10 V DC



No entry required: None

D2 Lip seals on both ends

G2 Matching flanges both sides

**XTD** dynamic effective pressure transducer, analogue, display **BTD** dynamic effective pressure transmitter, analogue, and MP-

Bus, Modbus RTU, BACnet MS/TP

XTS static effective pressure transducer, analogue, display BTS static effective pressure transmitter, analogue, and MP-

Bus, Modbus RTU, BACnet MS/TP

#### 7 Signal voltage range

Only required if attachment is selected

For the actual value signal

**0** 0 – 10 V DC **2** 2 – 10 V DC





#### 

#### 1 Type

VMR Circular volume flow rate measuring unit

#### 2 Material

No entry: galvanised sheet steel

P1 Powder-coated surface RAL 7001, silver grey (RAL 7001)

A2 Stainless steel construction

#### 3 Flange

No entry required: None **FL** Flanges on both ends

#### 4 Nominal size [mm]

100

125

160

200 250

315

400

#### **5 Accessories**

No entry required: None

D2 Lip seals on both ends

G2 Matching flanges both sides

#### 6 Attachments (effective pressure transducer)

**ELAB** EASYLAB TCU3

#### Order example 1: VMR-P1-FL/200/ELAB/EC/E2/TZ

Order example 1: Viiii 1 1 1 E/200/EE/AB/E9/EE/1E	
Material	Powder-coated, RAL 7001, silver grey
Nominal size	200 mm
Attachments	EASYLAB TCU3
Equipment function	Extract air controller
external volume flow rate setting	Voltage signal 2 – 10 V DC
Expansion module	With expansion module EM-TRF, transformer for 230 V AC supply with expansion module EM-AUTOZERO, solenoid valve for automatic zero point correction

#### 7 Equipment function

**SC** Supply air recording **EC** Extract air recording

#### 8 Voltage range for the actual value signal

**E0** Voltage signal 0 – 10 V DC **E2** Voltage signal 2 – 10 V DC

#### 9 Expansion modules

Option 1: Power supply No entry: 24 V AC T EM-TRF for 230 V AC

**U** EM-TRF-USV for 230 V AC, provides uninterruptible power supply (UPS)

#### Option 2: Communication interface

No entry required: None

**B** EM-BAC-MOD-01 for BACnet MS/TP **M** EM-BAC-MOD-01 for Modbus RTU

I EM-IP for BACnet/IP, Modbus/IP and web server

R EM-IP with real time clock

Option 3: Automatic zero point correction

No entry required: None

**Z** EM-AUTOZERO Solenoid valve for automatic zero point

correction





# **Variants**

#### Volume flow rate measuring unit VMR



Spigot

#### Volume flow rate measuring unit VMR-FL



• With flanges on both ends to make detachable connections to the ducting





#### Material

#### Standard construction

Order code detail	Part	Material
	Effective pressure sensor	Aluminium tube
_	Casing	Galvanised sheet steel

#### Powder-coated construction

Order code detail	Part	Material		
P1	Effective pressure sensor	Aluminium - powder coated, RAL 7001, silver grey		
	Casing	Galvanised sheet steel - powder coated, RAL 7001, silver grey		

#### Stainless steel construction

Order code detail Part		Material		
A2	Effective pressure sensor	Aluminium - powder coated, RAL 7001, silver grey		
	Casing	Stainless steel, material no. 1.4301		

## Option double lip seal

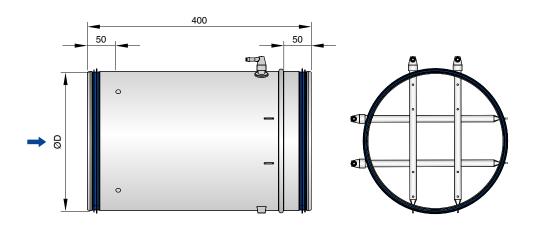
Order code detail	Part	Material
D2	Double lip seal	Rubber, EPDM





# Dimensions and weight

**VMR** 



**Dimensions/weights for VMR (standard)** 

zmonoromo, worgine for vinit (ottaniaara)						
NS	ØD	kg				
100	99	0.8				
125	124	1				
160	159	1.2				
200	199	1.6				
250	249	1.9				
315	314	2.4				
400	399	3.1				

Note:

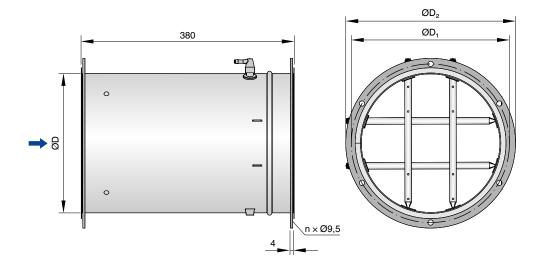
Weight value only for VMR without attachment.

Note possible additional weights due to optional effective pressure transducers (BTD, XTD, BTS, XTS, ELAB attachments) depending on the construction.





#### VMR-FL



**Dimensions/weights for VMR-FL** 

Difficition of the Contract of							
NS	ØD	ØD₁	ØD₂	D	n	kg	
100	99	132	152	4	4	1.2	
125	124	157	177	4	4	1.5	
160	159	192	212	4	6	2.1	
200	199	233	253	4	6	2.7	
250	249	283	303	4	6	3.3	
315	314	352	378	4	8	4.5	
400	399	438	464	4	8	5.7	

#### Note:

Weight value only for VMR-FL without attachment.

Note possible additional weights due to optional effective pressure transducers (BTD, XTD, BTS, XTS, ELAB attachments) depending on the construction. Note: Tolerances for dimensions  $L: \pm 5 \text{ mm}$ 



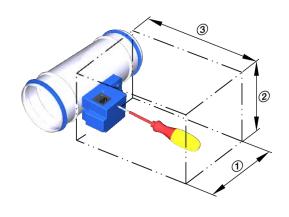


#### Space required for commissioning and maintenance

Keep sufficient space free in the area of the attachments for commissioning and maintenance. It may be necessary to provide sufficiently sized inspection access openings.

The selected product illustrations do not contain information on possible installation situations. Some attachments require a certain installation orientation; this is specified on the product's installation orientation label.

#### **Access to attachments**



#### **Assembly overview of attachments**



Schematic illustration of required installation space

XTD/XTS, BTD/BTS, ELAB

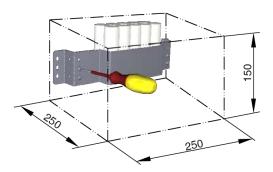
#### **Space required**

Opado required				
Attachment	①	2	3	
Effective pressure transducer: XTD, XTS	250	200	250	
Effective pressure transducer: BTD, BTS	520	250	250	
Effective pressure transducer: ELAB	550	350	400	





#### Accessibility to the battery pack



Schematic illustration of required installation space

Note: Additional space for fixing and accessing the battery pack (optional accessory for TROX UNIVERSAL or LABCONTROL EASYLAB control component).





# **Product details**

#### **Calculation conditions**

- The volume flow rate is calculated based on the measured effective pressure
- · The effective pressure is measured using an electronic manometer or an inclined tube manometer
- Air density p = 1.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Required

- VMR/160
- $\Delta_{pw}$  = 100 Pa (manometer reading of effective pressure)
- Volume flow rate q<sub>v</sub> in m³/h

#### **Device data**

K value from table: K = 58 m³/h (16.11 l/s)

Volume flow rate calculation for air density 1.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Volume flow rate calculation for other air densities

$$q_v = C \times \sqrt{\Delta p_w}$$

$$q_v = \sqrt{\frac{1,2}{\rho}} \times C \times \sqrt{\Delta p_w}$$

#### **Calculation procedure**

$$q_v = 58 \, m^3/h \times \sqrt{100}$$
$$q_v = 580 \, m^3/h$$





#### Installation and commissioning

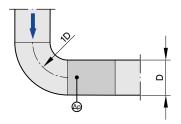
- The installation orientation of ELAB must be as shown on the sticker
- Installation orientation of XTD/XTS and BTD/BTS attachments not critical

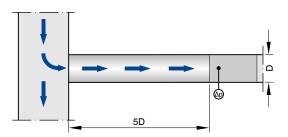
#### **Upstream conditions**

The volume flow rate accuracy  $\Delta_{qv}$  applies for a straight upstream flow. Bends, junctions or a narrowing or widening of the duct cause turbulence that may affect measurement. Duct connections, e.g. branches off the main duct, must comply with EN 1505. Some installation situations require straight duct sections upstream.

**Junction** 

Bend





A bend with a curvature radius of at least 1D – without an additional straight duct section upstream of the volume flow rate measuring unit – has only a negligible effect on the volume flow rate accuracy.

A junction causes strong turbulences. The stated volume flow rate accuracy  $\Delta q_v$  can only be achieved with a straight duct section of at least 5D upstream.





# X

**Installation component** 

Attachment	Interface	Effective pressure transducer	Manufacturer		
	Effective pressure transducer, dynamic				
XTD	0 – 10 V or 2 – 10 V	integral	①		
BTD	0 - 10 V or 2 - 10 V or MP bus or Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP	integral	<b>②</b>		
	Effective pressure transducer, static				
XTS	0 – 10 V or 2 – 10 V	integral	①		
BTS	0 - 10 V or 2 - 10 V or MP bus or Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP	integral	<b>②</b>		
ELAB	TROX plug and play communication system and 0 - 10 V or 2 - 10 V or with optional accessories: Modbus, BACnet, web server	integral	③		

① TROX/Gruner, ② TROX/Belimo, ③ TROX





#### Nomenclature

#### Dimensions of rectangular units

B [mm]

Duct width

**B**, [mm]

Screw hole pitch of flange (horizontal)

**B**<sub>2</sub> [mm]

Overall dimension of flange (width)

H [mm]

Duct height

H<sub>1</sub> [mm]

Screw hole pitch of flange (vertical)

 $H_2$  [mm]

Overall dimension of flange (height)

#### **Dimensions of circular units**

ØD [mm]

Basic units made of sheet steel: Outer diameter of the spigot; basic units made of plastic: Inside diameter of the spigot

 $\emptyset D_1$  [mm]

Pitch circle diameter of flanges

**ØD**, [mm]

Outer diameter of flanges

L [mm]

Length of unit including connecting spigot

**L**₁ [mm]

Length of casing or acoustic cladding

n [ ]

Number of flange screw holes

T [mm]

Flange thickness

## **General information**

**m** [kg]

Unit weight without any attachments

NS [mm]

Nominal size

**q**<sub>vNom</sub> [m³/h]; [l/s]

Nominal volume flow rate (100 %): The value depends on product type and nominal size. Values are published on the internet and in technical leaflets and stored in the Easy Product Finder design program.

Note on acoustic data: All sound pressure levels are based on a reference value of 20  $\mu$ Pa.

**q**<sub>v</sub> [m³/h]; [l/s] Volume flow rate

**Δ**<sub>αν</sub> [%]

Volume flow rate accuracy

 $\Delta_{nv}$ 

Quantity measured with the sensor (in this case the differential pressure). Basis for the calculation of the actual volume flow rate or for the conversion into an electrical signal (linear to the volume flow rate) by an effective pressure transducer.

#### Lengths

All lengths are given in millimetres [mm] unless stated otherwise.

#### Volume flow rate measuring unit

Consists of a basic unit and an optional effective pressure transducer.

#### **Basic unit**

Unit for recording volume flow rates without an attached measuring transducer. The main components include the casing with sensor(s) to measure the effective pressure and the connection points for effective pressure tubes. In contrast to a volume flow controller, there is no damper blade. Distinguishing features of the basic unit: unit shape (geometry), materials and types of connection. The basic unit can either be prepared for manual measurement with a mobile differential pressure measuring unit or be fitted with an electric attachment for converting the effective pressure into an electrical (effective pressure transducer).

#### **Effective pressure transducer**

Electronic device mounted on the basic unit for measuring volume flow rates. The electronic device essentially consists of an effective pressure transducer. Important distinguishing features: Transducer for dynamic pressure measurements that is suitable for clean air or transducer for static pressure measurements that is suitable for contaminated air and interface(s) (analogue interface and digital bus interface).

